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OLL 84-4572 29 November 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Findings by Temporary Select Committee To Study the Senate Committee System

- 1. On 29 November, Members of the subject Committee convened to mark up the Committee's final report. The attendees included: Dan Quayle (R., IN), Wendell H. Ford (D., KY), Jake Garn (R., UT), Malcolm Wallop (R., WY), Warren B. Rudman (R., NH), John Melcher (D., MT) and Spark M. Matsunaga (D., HI).
- 2. Of particular interest is the Committee's recommendation to establish a joint House-Senate committee on intelligence. Senator Rudman stated that this is a very hot issue, there is contentiousness on both sides of Congress, and the Committee should drop the issue from the report because it would not have any impact anyway.
- 3. Senator Wallop argued that there should be no limit on the number of years a member could serve on the intelligence committee. (Senator Quayle, the primary author of the report, extended the current eight-year term to ten years in order to compromise between Senators who want the eight-year limit and those who want no limit). Senator Wallop cited the need for continuity, the complexity of the intelligence business ("there are a lot of acronyms to learn"), the long lead-time for technical programs to come on line, and, "it takes seven years to have an appreciation for the end results of appropriations." Senator Garn spoke in support of Senator Wallop.
- 4. The Committee decided to go forward with the recommendation for a joint committee and to avoid discussion of the term of service.

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Attachment: Committee Draft Report

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Chief, Liaison Division, OLL

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CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE U.S. CONGRESS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515

November 20, 1984

Rudolph G. Penner Director

Honorable Dan Quayle
Co-Chairman
Select Committee to Study the
Committee System
United States Senate
B-42 Russell Senate Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

The Congressional Budget Office has reviewed the draft recommendations of the Senate Select Committee to Study the Committee System, dated November 2, 1984. The Committee is proposing 11 changes in the Senate committee system. One of them, the establishment of a joint committee on intelligence, is expected to produce savings of about \$1.5 million annually. Further savings of up to \$6.5 million annually may result from the elimination of 30 subcommittees, if committee budgets are reduced correspondingly.

Recommendation #3 would limit each committee (except for the Appropriations Committee) to a maximum of five subcommittees, resulting in the elimination of 30 subcommittees. If a proportional reduction is made in staffing and other expenses by January 1986, this recommendation could reduce total committee costs by as much as \$3 million in fiscal year 1986 and by about \$6.5 million annually thereafter. However, there is no assurance that such savings would be realized simply as a result of eliminating subcommittees, since staff positions and budgetary allotments could be reallocated within committees. For example, the Senate committee reorganization of 1977 resulted in the elimination of 49 subcommittees between the 94th Congress and the 96th Congress—but the number of committee staff members remained about the same and committee expenditures increased. Therefore, specific steps to constrain committee budgets would be necessary to realize significant savings from implementing this recommendation.

Recommendation #10 would establish a joint Senate-House committee on intelligence, with a small professional staff, which would replace the two existing intelligence committees. Currently, the House and Senate intelligence committees have 60 staff members between them, and their combined budgets amount to about \$3 million. Eliminating the two separate committees and creating a joint intelligence committee would save about \$1.5 million annually, assuming that the new committee would cost about the same as one of the existing committees. Our estimate assumes that such savings would not be realized until at least fiscal year 1986.

Honorable Dan Quayle November 20, 1984 Page Two

Recommendation #11 would create a Senate select committee to propose legislation necessary for implementing a two-year budget process. Since the select committee would rely on staff resources from existing committees and would not be authorized to hire staff, there are no significant costs associated with this recommendation.

The remaining recommendations in the Committee's report would not result in any additional costs or savings to the federal government. In addition, none of these recommendations would affect the budgets of state or local governments.

If you wish further details on this estimate, we will be pleased to provide them.

Sincerely,

Rudolph G. Penner

Director

cc: Honorable Wendell H. Ford

Co-Chairman

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Senator

Dan Quayle

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE November 20, 1984

QUAYLE SCHEDULES NOVEMBER 29 MARK-UP OF SENATE COMMITTEE REFORM PLAN; CBO ESTIMATES QUAYLE'S PROPOSALS WOULD YIELD UP TO \$8 MILLION IN SAVINGS A YEAR

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- The Temporary Select Committee to Study the Senate Committee System will meet on November 29 to finalize the recommendations and report it is to submit to the full U.S. Senate by December 15, U.S. Senator Dan Quayle, chairman of the panel, announced Tuesday.

At the same time, Quayle issued a summary of the draft proposals he is presenting to the Temporary Select Committee for its consideration at the mark-up session.

In addition, the Indiana Senator released a Congressional Budget Office (CBO) study which estimates that, if Quayle's entire reform package is implemented by the Senate early next year, savings of up to \$8 million a year would be realized. In a November 20 letter to Quayle, CBO Director Rudolph G. Penner wrote that one of the changes under consideration, "the establishment of a joint committee on intelligence, is expected to produce savings of about \$1.5 million annually," while Quayle's recommendation that each committee except for the Appropriations Committee be limited to five subcommittees, which would result in the elimination of thirty subcommittees, "could reduce total committee costs by as much as \$3 million in fiscal year 1986 and by about \$6.5 million annually thereafter," provided "a proportional reduction is made in staffing and other expenses...."

The Temporary Select Committee, which is co-chaired by U.S. Senator Wendell Ford (D-KY), was established at Quayle's urging in June to conduct a study of the Senate committee system and report its findings and recommendations by December 15, 1984. The resolution incorporating the panel's recommendations is to be referred to the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, which will consider the measure and its accompanying report when the new Senate convenes in January.

Under the provisions of S. Res. 127, which authorized creation of the Temporary Select Committee, it is "to conduct a thorough study of the Senate committee system, the structure, jurisdiction, number and optimum size of Senate committees, the number of subcommittees, committee rules and procedures, media coverage of meetings, staffing and other committee facilities." Next month, the Quayle-Ford panel is to submit to the Senate a final report of its findings, as well as "recommendations which promote optimum utilization of Senators' time, optimum effectiveness of committees in the creation and oversight of Federal programs, clear and consistent procedures for the referral of legislation falling within the jurisdiction of two or more committees, and workable methods for the regular review and revision of committee jurisdictions."

The Temporary Select Committee received testimony on these and other issues from fourteen Senators in two hearings chaired by Quayle on July 31 and August 2. The panel held business meetings on September 18 and 25 to review a number of reform proposals, including the package that Quayle first outlined in a Senate floor speech on September 12. Quayle subsequently elaborated on his recommendations and the Temporary Select Committee's progress in floor speeches on September 28 and October 3.

(MORE)

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November 29 Mark-up of Senate Committee Reform Plan Page two

Serving with Quayle and Ford on the twelve-member panel are U.S. Senators Charles Mathias (R-MD), Jake Garn (R-UT), Malcolm Wallop (R-WY), Bob Kasten (R-WI), Warren Rudman (R-NH), Russell Long (D-LA), John Melcher (D-MT), J. Bennett Johnston (D-LA), Spark Matsunaga (D-HI) and Alan Dixon (D-IL). Sixty days after submitting its final report to the Senate, the Temporary Select Committee will disband.

The November 29 mark-up session will be held in SR-301 beginning at 9:30~a.m.

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Senator

Dan Quayle

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE November 20, 1984

SUMMARY OF DRAFT REPORT
PREPARED BY U.S. SENATOR DAN QUAYLE,
CHAIRMAN, TEMPORARY SELECT COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE SENATE COMMITTEE SYSTEM

The following is a summary of the draft report that U.S. Senator Dan Quayle (R-IN), chairman of the Temporary Select Committee to Study the Senate Committee System, is presenting to the panel for consideration at its November 29 mark-up session:

The Temporary Select Committee to Study the Senate Committee System finds substantial problems with the operation of the committee system and with the operation of the Senate as a whole.

To improve the operation of the committee system, the Select Committee makes the following recommendations:

- l. Limit senators' committee assignments to 2 "A" committees and 1 "B" committee, without exceptions.*
- 2. Reduce total slots on "A" committees to 200 and total slots on "B" committees to 100.
- 3. Limit the number of subcommittees a committee may establish to 5 (except Appropriations).
- 4. Limit senators to 2 "A" and "B" committee and subcommittee chairmanships.
- 5. Limit senators to membership on 2 subcommittees of each committee on which they serve (except Appropriations).
- $6. \,$ Limit senators to a total of 9 "A" and "B" committees and subcommittees.
- 7. Require that the majority and minority leaders not count for the purpose of determining a quorum on the committees on which they serve.
- 8. Provide for sequential referral of reported bills to committees with a substantial jurisdictional interest.
- 9. Provide for referral of legislative provisions of reported appropriations bills to authorizing committees.
- 10. Emcourage the utilization of the existing computerized scheduling system by requiring committee chairmen to publish a list of committee members with meeting conflicts.
- * Currently, the following are "A" Committees: Agriculture, Appropriations, Armed Services, Banking, Commerce, Energy, Environment, Finance, Foreign Relations, Governmental Affairs, Judiciary and Labor.

The following are now "B" Committees: Budget, Rules, Small Business, Veterans' Affairs, Joint Economic, Aging and Intelligence.

(MORE)

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Temporary Select Committee Page two

- 11. Establish a joint House-Senate committee on intelligence.
- 12. Establish a temporary committee to propose legislation necessary to implementing a 2-year budget process.

In regard to the operation of the Senate, the Committee makes the following recommendations:

- l. Discourage the proliferation of non-germane amendments by providing for a "germaneness motion" requiring a super majority under which non-germane amendments are prohibited, making non-debatable rulings of the chair that an amendment is non-germane and requiring a super majority to overrule the chair after the germaneness motion has been adopted.
- Provide for a two-hour time limit on the motion to proceed.
- 3. Establish a more meaningful cloture procedure by requiring a 2/3 majority of those present to invoke cloture and by limiting post-cloture debate to 20 hours.
- 4. Reduce the number of roll call votes by strict adherence to the constitutional requirement of support by one-fifth of members present and by deferring to the preference of the leadership.

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